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Reports of States and yearly and monthly reports of cities.

ALABAMA—*Mobile*.—Month of April, 1897. Estimated population, 37,817. Total number of deaths, 69—white, 39 ; colored, 30, including phthisis pulmonalis, 10.

MICHIGAN.—Reports to the State board of health from 72 observers for the week ended May 22 indicate that diarrhea, intermittent fever, tonsilitis, and rheumatism increased and erysipelas and inflammation of kidneys decreased in area of prevalence. Phthisis pulmonalis was reported present in 172 places, measles at 91 places, diphtheria in 27 places, scarlet fever at 23 places, enteric fever at 18 places, and whooping cough at 17 places.

NEW YORK.—Month of April, 1897. Reports to the State board of health from 8 districts, including New York City, Brooklyn, and 147 other cities, towns, and villages, show a total of 10,325 deaths, including diphtheria, 360 ; enteric fever, 79 ; measles, 99 ; phthisis pulmonalis, 1,158 ; smallpox, 7, and whooping cough, 90.

The Monthly Bulletin says :

There were 10,325 deaths in April, a daily average of 344, against 373 in March, the death rate having fallen from 20.50 per 1,000 population annually to 19.00, there having been 1,200 fewer deaths. From zymotic diseases the number of deaths in the two months was exactly the same, though relatively more in April from the decrease in deaths from other causes. The decrease has been in acute respiratory diseases, from which there were 700 fewer deaths, other local diseases showing no change in mortality except diseases of the circulatory organs, which the average of past years shows to cause the greatest number of deaths at this season (March and April). There is also a decrease in the mortality from old age and from unclassified causes. Compared with April, 1896, the total mortality is a little smaller, the zymotic mortality being less, and that from acute respiratory diseases being decreased by 200, other local diseases being somewhat increased. It is estimated that the grippe epidemic, which has caused during the preceding three months 2,500 deaths, of which 1,500 occurred in March, exaggerated the mortality of this month by about 500 deaths. Measles continues throughout the State, but it is causing a much smaller mortality than a year ago. Smallpox caused 7 deaths in New York City. Other zymotic diseases have an identical prevalence with last month and that of April, 1896 ; 9.5 per cent of the deaths were from these diseases, 10.5 of the deaths in urban parts of the State being zymotic, and 6.5 in the rural. Consumption caused 1,158 deaths, 11.5 per cent of the deaths of urban and 10.3 per cent of the rural districts being from this cause. The central part of the State shows the lowest mortality from acute respiratory diseases.

OHIO—*Columbus*.—Month of April, 1897.—Estimated population, 100,000. Total number of deaths, 122, including diphtheria, 1 ; enteric fever, 3, and phthisis pulmonalis, 17.

OREGON—*Portland*.—Month of April, 1897. Estimated population, 89,000. Total deaths 76, including diphtheria, 4 ; enteric fever, 2, and phthisis pulmonalis, 12.

PENNSYLVANIA—*Williamsport*.—Month of March, 1897. Estimated

population, 35,000. Total deaths, 34, including enteric fever, 1 ; phthisis pulmonalis, 2, and whooping cough, 1.

UTAH—*Salt Lake City*.—Month of April, 1897. Estimated population, 70,000. Total deaths, 38, including diphtheria, 1 ; enteric fever, 1 ; phthisis pulmonalis, 2, and whooping cough, 1.